

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

### SECTION 1: Product and company identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance  
Trade name : Acetylene  
Chemical name : Acetylene  
CAS-No. : 74-86-2  
Formula : C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>  
Other means of identification : Acetylen, ethine, ethyne, narylene, Dissolved Acetylene

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial and professional use  
Welding

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Inc.  
10 Riverview Drive  
Danbury, CT 06810-6268, USA  
www.lindeus.com

Electronics gas products 1-800-932-0624 or 1-908-329-9700  
Linde Inc. 1-844-44LINDE (1-844-445-4633)

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24 hr/day 7 days/week  
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887  
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Simple asphyxiant SIAS  
Flam. Gas 1 H220  
Press. Gas (Diss.) H280

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



GHS02

GHS04

Signal word (GHS US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS  
H231 - MAY REACT EXPLOSIVELY EVEN IN THE ABSENCE OF AIR AT ELEVATED PRESSURE AND/OR TEMPERATURE  
H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED  
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.  
CGA-HG04 - MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Heat, Open flames, Sparks, Hot surfaces  
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

P377 - LEAKING GAS FIRE: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.  
P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions  
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.  
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.  
CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.  
CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.  
CGA-PG20 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.  
CGA-PG13 - Fusible plugs in the top, bottom, or valve melt at 98°C to 107°C (208°F to 224°F).  
Do not discharge at pressures above 15 psig (103 kPa).  
CGA-PG11 - Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.  
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).  
P304, P340, P313 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : For safety reasons, the acetylene is dissolved in acetone (CAS no. 67-64-1; Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3) in the gas container. Vapour of the solvent is carried away as impurity when the acetylene is extracted from the gas container. The concentration of the solvent vapour in the gas is lower than the concentration limits to change the classification of the acetylene.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

| Name                                       | Product identifier | %   |
|--|--------------------|-----|
| Acetylene, dissolved<br>(Main constituent) | (CAS-No.) 74-86-2  | 100 |

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact : The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : See below. See CGA Pamphlet SB-4, *Handling Acetylene Cylinders in Fire Situations*, for further information.

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.
- Explosion hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.
- Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
- Stop flow of product if safe to do so.
- Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
- Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool.
- Other information : Acetylene containers are provided with pressure relief devices designed to vent contents when exposed to elevated temperature.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment.
- Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g. NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:** When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

- Storage area : Acetylene trailers are designed and intended for outdoor use. Acetylene storage in excess of 2.500 cu ft (70.79 cubic meters) is prohibited in buildings and other occupancies.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

| Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2) |                 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| ACGIH                          | Not established |
| USA OSHA                       | Not established |

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : An explosion-proof local exhaust system or a mechanical system is acceptable if it can prevent oxygen deficiency and keep hazardous fumes and gases below all applicable exposure limits in the worker's breathing area. During welding, ensure that there is adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure below applicable limits for fumes, gases, and other by-products of welding. Do not breathe fumes or gases. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes, or may cause other similar discomfort.
- Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.
- Skin and body protection : As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

|                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Respiratory protection          | : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets or exceeds the requirements of the appropriate Health and Safety Regulations. Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). |
| Thermal hazard protection       | : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.  |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.  |
| Other information               | : Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing. Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders.  |

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Physical state                                  | : Gas   |
| Appearance                                      | : Colorless, odorless gas.                                    |
| Molecular mass                                  | : 26 g/mol  |
| Colour  | : Colourless.   |
| Odour   | : Garlic like. Poor warning properties at low concentrations. |
| Odour threshold                                 | : No data available   |
| pH  | : Not applicable.   |
| Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)      | : No data available   |
| Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)             | : Not applicable.   |
| Melting point                                   | : -80.8 °C (-113.4°F)   |
| Freezing point                                  | : No data available   |
| Boiling point                                   | : -84 °C (-119.2°F)   |
| Flash point                                     | : -17 °C (1.4°F)  |
| Critical temperature                            | : 36 °C (97°F)  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                       | : 305 °C (581°F)  |
| Decomposition temperature                       | : 635 °C (1175°F)   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                       | : 2.5 – 100 vol %   |
| Vapour pressure                                 | : 44 bar (623 psig)   |
| Critical pressure                               | : 61.38 bar (875 psig)  |
| Relative vapour density at 20 °C                | : No data available   |
| Relative density                                | : Not applicable.   |
| Density   | : 0.0012 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (at 0 °C)                          |
| Relative gas density                            | : 0.9   |
| Solubility                                      | : Water: 1185 mg/l  |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | : 0.37  |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) | : Not applicable.   |
| Viscosity, kinematic                            | : Not applicable.   |
| Viscosity, dynamic                              | : Not applicable.   |
| Explosive properties                            | : Not applicable.   |
| Oxidizing properties                            | : None.   |
| Explosive limits                                | : No data available   |

### 9.2. Other information

|                   |                      |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Sublimation point | : -83.3 °C           |
| Gas group         | : Press. Gas (Diss.) |

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Dissolved in a solvent supported in a porous mass. Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May react explosively even in the absence of air. May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure or in the presence of a catalyst. Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

High temperature. High pressure. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury. Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper. Air, Oxidizer. Do not use alloys containing more than 43% silver.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrogen. The welding and cutting process may form reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other decomposition products of normal operation originate from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the material being worked.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified  
pH: Not applicable.  
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified  
pH: Not applicable.  
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified  
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
Carcinogenicity : Not classified  
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
STOT-single exposure : Not classified  
STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified  
Aspiration hazard : Not classified

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Persistence and degradability | Will rapidly degrade by indirect photolysis in air. Will not undergo hydrolysis. |
|-------------------------------|--|

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

|   |      |
|---|------|
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 0.37 |
|---|------|

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

| Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)                  |  |
|---|--|
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) | Not applicable.  |
| Bioaccumulative potential                       | Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). See section 9. |

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

| Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2) |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Mobility in soil               | No data available.  |
| Ecology - soil                 | Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. |

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer : No known effects from this product.  
Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1001 Acetylene, dissolved, 2.1  
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1001  
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Acetylene, dissolved  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N86 - UN pressure receptacles made of aluminum alloy are not authorized.  
N88 - Any metal part of a UN pressure receptacle in contact with the contents may not contain more than 65% copper, with a tolerance of 1%.

### Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 116 (UN1001)  
Other information : No supplementary information available.  
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:  
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1001  
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Acetylene, dissolved  
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases  
EmS-No. (1) : F-D  
MFAG-No : 116  
EmS-No. (2) : S-U

### Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1001  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Acetylene, dissolved

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

Class (IATA) : 2 - Gases  
Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases flammable under pressure(Hazardous materials notice Appended Table 1 Article 194 of the Enforcement Regulations)

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

##### Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

#### 15.2. International regulations

##### CANADA

##### Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

##### EU-Regulations

##### Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

##### Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)  
Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

##### Acetylene, dissolved(74-86-2)

|   |   |
|---|---|
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List               | No  |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity         | No  |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female | No  |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male   | No  |
| State or local regulations  | U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List<br>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List<br>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List |

# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Issue date: 03/10/2015 Revision date: 02/23/2022 Supersedes: 01/19/2021 Version: 1.4

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Other information

: When using this product in welding and cutting, read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on the product. Ask your welding products supplier for a copy of Linde's free safety booklet, P-2035, Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting, and Heating, and for other manufacturers' safety publications. For a detailed treatment, get ANSI Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, published by the American Welding Society (AWS), [www.aws.org](http://www.aws.org). Order AWS documents from Global Engineering Documents, [global.ihs.com](http://global.ihs.com). Arcs and sparks can ignite combustible materials. Prevent fires. Refer to NFPA 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hotwork. Do not strike an arc on the container. The defect produced by an arc burn may lead to container rupture.

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. **KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES.** Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases.

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Linde asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Linde Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Linde Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Linde SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Linde or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from [www.lindeus.com](http://www.lindeus.com). If you have questions regarding Linde SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Linde suppliers in your area, phone or write the Linde Call Center (Phone: 1-844-44-Linde (1-844-445-4633); Address: Linde Call Center, Linde Inc, P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

Linde and the Linde wordmark are trademarks or registered trademarks of Linde Inc. or its affiliates. The information contained herein is offered for use by technically qualified personnel at their discretion and risk without warranty of any kind.

Copyright © 2022, Linde Inc.

#### Revision date

: 02/23/2022

#### NFPA health hazard

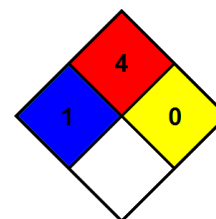
: 0 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

#### NFPA fire hazard

: 4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.

#### NFPA instability

: 2 - Materials that readily undergo violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures.



# Acetylene, dissolved

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P001

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Issue date: 03/10/2015    Revision date: 02/23/2022    Supersedes: 01/19/2021    Version: 1.4

---

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Linde 2022

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.*