

### SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

|                               |                     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Product form                  | : Substance         |
| Substance name                | : Xenon             |
| Chemical name                 | : Xenon (Xe)        |
| CAS-No.                       | : 7440-63-3         |
| Formula                       | : Xe                |
| Other means of identification | : Xenon, compressed |

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|                              |                                   |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Use of the substance/mixture | : Industrial and professional use |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Inc.  
10 Riverview Drive  
Danbury, CT 06810-6268, USA  
www.lindeus.com

Electronics gas products 1-800-932-0624 or 1-908-329-9700  
Linde Inc. 1-844-44LINDE (1-844-445-4633)

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency number** : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24 hr/day 7 days/week  
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887  
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Simple asphyxiant SIAS  
Press. Gas (Liq.) H280

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



GHS04

Signal word (GHS US) :

Warning

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED  
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION  
CGA-HG01 - MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P304, P340, P313 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.  
P302, P336, P315 - IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.  
CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.  
CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.  
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.  
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.  
Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

| Name                        | Product identifier  | %   |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----|
| Xenon<br>(Main constituent) | (CAS-No.) 7440-63-3 | 100 |

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, with supplemental oxygen given by qualified personnel. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : No additional information available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Special protective equipment for fire fighters | : Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.   |
| Specific methods                               | : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.<br><br>Stop flow of product if safe to do so.<br><br>Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. |
| Other information                              | : Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by TC.)  |

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Try to stop release. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : No additional information available.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Emergency procedures : No additional information available.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : No additional information available.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:** When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

| Xenon (7440-63-3) |                 |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| ACGIH             | Not established |
| USA OSHA          | Not established |

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Hand protection : Select hand protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear vapor-proof goggles and a face shield whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin and body protection : Wear work gloves and metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective equipment where needed. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

Respiratory protection : **UNITED STATES:** When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

**CANADA:** Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

**AUSTRALIA:** Select in accordance with AS/NZS 1715: Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment

**EUROPE:** Select in accordance with Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask. Respiratory protection: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV.

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Environmental exposure controls : None necessary.

Other information : Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Physical state                                  | : Gas  |
| Molecular mass                                  | : 131 g/mol  |
| Colour  | : Colourless.  |
| Odour   | : Odourless.   |
| Odour threshold                                 | : No data available  |
| pH  | : Not applicable.  |
| Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)      | : No data available  |
| Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)             | : Not applicable.  |
| Melting point                                   | : -112 °C  |
| Freezing point                                  | : No data available  |
| Boiling point                                   | : -108.1 °C  |
| Flash point                                     | : Not applicable.  |
| Critical temperature                            | : 16.6 °C  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                       | : Non flammable.   |
| Decomposition temperature                       | : No data available  |
| Flammability                                    | : No data available  |
| Vapour pressure                                 | : Not applicable.  |
| Critical pressure                               | : 5840 kPa   |
| Relative vapour density at 20°C                 | : No data available  |
| Relative density                                | : 1.5  |
| Density   | : 5.472 kg/m <sup>3</sup> Vapour density at 70°C (21.1°C), 1 atm |
| Relative gas density                            | : 4.5  |
| Solubility                                      | : Water: 644 mg/l  |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | : Not applicable.  |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) | : Not applicable.  |
| Viscosity, kinematic                            | : Not applicable.  |
| Viscosity, dynamic                              | : Not applicable.  |
| Explosive properties                            | : Not applicable.  |
| Oxidizing properties                            | : None.  |
| Explosive limits                                | : Not known.   |

#### 9.2. Other information

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| Gas group              | : Press. Gas (Liq.)  |
| Other properties       | : No additional information available.   |
| Additional information | : Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level. |

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified  
 Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified  
 Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified  
 pH: Not applicable.  
 Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified  
 pH: Not applicable.  
 Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified  
 Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
 Carcinogenicity : Not classified  
 Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
 STOT-single exposure : Not classified  
 STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified  
 Aspiration hazard : Not applicable

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1. Toxicity**

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

| <b>Xenon (7440-63-3)</b>      |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Persistence and degradability | No ecological damage caused by this product. |

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

| <b>Xenon (7440-63-3)</b>                        |  |
|---|--|
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | Not applicable.                              |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) | Not applicable.                              |
| Bioaccumulative potential                       | No ecological damage caused by this product. |

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

| <b>Xenon (7440-63-3)</b> |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Mobility in soil         | No data available.                           |
| Ecology - soil           | No ecological damage caused by this product. |

**12.5. Other adverse effects**

Effect on the ozone layer : None.  
 Effect on global warming : None.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN2036 Xenon, compressed, 2.2  
UN-No.(DOT) : UN2036  
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Xenon, compressed  
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.2  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



### Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 120  
Other information : No supplementary information available.  
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:  
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 2036  
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : XENON  
Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 2.2  
Division (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases  
EmS-No. (1) : F-C  
EmS-No. (2) : S-V

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 2036  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Xenon  
Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 2.2

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### Xenon (7440-63-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

|       |                   |      |
|-------|-------------------|------|
| Xenon | CAS-No. 7440-63-3 | 100% |
|-------|-------------------|------|

## 15.2. International regulations

### CANADA

#### Xenon (7440-63-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### EU-Regulations

#### Xenon (7440-63-3)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### Xenon (7440-63-3)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

## 15.3. US State regulations

### Xenon(7440-63-3)

|   |    |
|---|----|
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List               | No |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity         | No |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female | No |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male   | No |

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Linde asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Linde Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Linde Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

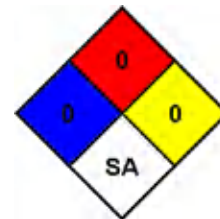
: 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA instability

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.

NFPA specific hazard

: SA - Materials that are simple asphyxiants.



SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Linde 2022

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.*